$Left \ Side = Right \ Side$

Equations are similar to equalities. An **equation** asks you to find a value of an unknown. To solve an equation means to find the value of the unknown.

Example 1: Find the missing value in the following equality:

_____ - 5 = 8

Solution: We have to find a number that when reduced by 5 gives 8.

<u>13</u> -5 = 8

Example 2: Find the unknown x in the following equation:

$$\underline{x} - 9 = 11$$

Solution: We have to find a number x that when reduced by 9 gives 11.

-9 = 11

The unknown number x is 20:

x = 20

Practice 1: Find the missing values.

a) _____ + 8 = 20 b) $36 - 27 = x \rightarrow x = ____$

c) $x + 14 = 20 \rightarrow x =$

What We do to the Left Side, We Have to do to the Right Side

 $Left \ Side = Right \ Side$

Example 3: Add 5 to the left and right sides of the equality: 25 - 10 = 15Solution: 25 - 10 + 5 = 15 + 5Test both sides: left side = right side 25 - 10 + 5 = 15 + 5 15 + 5 = 20 20 = 20

Practice 2: Verify that the equality

 $15 - 3 = 24 \div 2$

holds true by evaluating each side separately. What would happen to the equality if we add 10 to the right side?

Example 4: Add 5 to the left and right sides of the equation:

x - 5 = 10

Solution: If we add/subtract a convenient number, we'll get the value for x!

x - 5 + 5 = 10 + 5x = 15

In order for the equality to hold true, \mathbf{x} must have the value of 15, and nothing else.

Practice 3: Add 3 to the left and right sides of the equation:

$$x - 3 = 10$$

Practice 4: Add 10 to the left and right sides of the equation:

$$x - 10 = 0$$

Practice 5: Add 6 to the left and right sides of the equation:

$$x - 6 = 8$$

Practice 6: What number needs to be added to both sides to make the left side "x"?

$$x - 7 = 3$$

Practice 7: What number needs to be added to both sides to make the left side "x"?

$$x - 2 = 9$$